1. **Прочитать текст, ответить на вопросы**

**Digital sports**

Digital sports (English phygital — from digital "digital" + physical "physical") is a sport that combines competitions in two formats: digital and physical, the main task of which is to score the most points based on the results of competitions in two formats. Digital sports include competitions in both individual and team formats.

Competitions in digital sports are usually held in two stages. In the first part, athletes compete in a virtual analogue of the game, and in the second — in a classic sport. At the same time, both parts of the competition are equal. During the digital stage, participants compete in a simulator or computer game using a phone, tablet, computer, game console, or virtual reality glasses. The physical stage of the competition is conducted using analogues of traditional sports: a football field, a hockey box, a basketball court, an autodrome, an octagon, and others. For example, a team plays the first soccer match in an online FIFA game, and then moves onto the field. All the goals scored in the cyber and classic match are summed up. Digital can be arranged for almost any sport that has a virtual version

Digital sports are actively developing in Russia. On January 31, 2023, digital was recognized as an official sport in the country. In February 2023, the All-Russian Federation of Digital Sports was established, and by 2024, more than 60 branches of the organization had been opened throughout the country. The first digital sports tournament was held in Kazan in 2022. After that, nine more games were held there in a similar format. Russia has also organized an international tournament on digital sports - "Games of the Future". It is believed that these games were organized to overcome Russia's isolation in the international sports arena. The competition was held in February 2024 in Kazan. More than 2,000 athletes from 277 teams took part in the Games. More than twenty disciplines were represented at the competitions, divided into five areas: "Sports", "Tactics", "Strategy", "Speed" and "Technology". Vladimir Putin took part in the opening of the competition.

**Работа по содержанию:**

1. What is phygital sport?
2. What way are competitions in digital sports usually held?
3. How does it develop in Russia?
4. How many disciplines were represented at the competitions in Kazan?
5. What do you think about phygital sport developing?
6. What is your attitude to this sport trend?

2.**Напишите сообщение об истории развития своего вида спорта в России**

**3. Знать содержание текста, выполнить упражнение**

Russia, officially known as the Russian Federation, has competed at the modern Olympic Games on many occasions, but as different nations in its history. As the Russian Empire, the nation first competed at the 1900 Games, and returned again in 1908 and 1912. After the Russian revolution in 1917, and the subsequent establishment of the Soviet Union in 1922, it would be thirty years until Russian athletes once again competed at the Olympics, as the Soviet Union at the 1952 Summer Olympics. After the dissolution of the Soviet Union in 1991, Russia competed as part of the Unified Team in 1992, and finally returned once again as Russia at the 1994 Winter Olympics.

The Russian Olympic Committee was created in 1991 and recognized in 1993. The Soviet Union hosted the 1980 Summer Olympics in Moscow, and the Russian Federation hosted the 2014 Winter Olympics in Sochi.

In six appearances Russian athletes have won a total of 426 medals at the Summer Olympic Games and another 121 at the Winter Olympic Games. Over the most recent twelve Games (since 1994), Russia's 547 total medals, including 196 gold medals, are second only to the United States.

In 2017, Russia was suspended from competing at the Olympic Games due to the state-sponsored doping scandal. Russian athletes were allowed to participate in the 2018 Winter Olympics as the Olympic Athletes from Russia (OAR). They are also allowed to compete at the 2020 Summer Olympics and the 2022 Winter Olympics, representing the Russian Olympic Committee.

**Закрепление:**

**Here are some interesting facts from the history of Russian sport. Complete the sentences using the correct verb forms.**  
1)  For the first time Soviet athletes\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(to take part) in the  
Olympic Games in 1952.  
2)   N.  A.   Panin-Kolomenkin \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (to  become)  the  first Russian  
Olympic champion in figure skating in 1908.  
3)   Russian sportsmen \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (to take part) in the winter Olympic  
Games since 1956.  
4)  Larisa Latynina \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (to win) 18 Olympic medals in gymnastics  
during three Olympiads in 1956,  1960,  1964. No one \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (to  
beat) the record till now.  
5)   National ice hockey championships\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(to organise) since 1946.  
6)   First curling clubs \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ {to appear) in Russia at the end of the  
19th century but curling didn't become popular.  
7)  Snowboarding is a young sport. It\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(to be) popular since 1990s.  
8)   National basketball championships \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (to hold) since 1934